

COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE

- 1 CHC in 80000 (tribal & hilly areas) - 1,20000 (plains) population
- 30 beds • Referral centre for 4 PHC
- First Referral Unit (FRU)
- Maintained by State Government under Minimum Need Program (MNP)/Basic Minimum Services Program (BMS)

STAFF

- Staff - (Essential - 46 & Desirable - 52) --
- Specialists (MD/MS) in - Medicine,

Surgery, Anaesthesia, Obstetrics-
Gynaecology & Paediatrics

- Block Medical Officer (BMO), 6 Medical Officers (2 female MO)
- Dental surgeon, AYUSH medical officer, Ophthalmologist/eye surgeon (1 in 5 CHC)
- Public health specialist, Public health nurse
- Radiographer, Lab Technician, Pharmacist, ANM, HA etc.

SERVICES PROVIDED-

- 1. Routine & Emergency cases in Surgery, Medicine, Pediatrics, Obstetrics etc

- 2. Diagnostic facilities-X ray, ECG, lab services etc
- 3. Blood storage services
- 4. ANC, PNC, Newborn care & Adolescent health care
- 5. Maternal death review
- 6. Family planning services
- 7. School health services
- 8. Oral health & Rehabilitation services
- 9. National Health Programs
- 10. REFERRAL (transport)

services

URBAN CHC

- First Referral Unit (FRU) for urban areas (NUHM)
- 1 for every 4-5 U-PHC
- Central government provides the one-time capital cost for setting up an Urban-CHC
- Population covered > Non metro cities- 1 in 2.5 lakh population, 30-50 bedded
- > Metro cities in 5 lakh population, 100 bedded
- Most common operation by

VOLUNTARY HEALTH AGENCIES

- 1. tuberculosis association of india

> organizing a TB seal campaign every year to raise funds, Training of doctors and social workers in anti TB work and promotion of health education

- Hind kusht niraran sangh > rendering of financial assistance to various leprosy homes

- Family planning association of india > running family planning clinics, training of doctors and social workers

- Indian council for child welfare > services are evoted to secure for childrens opportunities and facilities, to enable them to develop physically,