

HEALTH CARE

- HEALTH CARE > services provided to individuals or committee by agents of health service for the purpose of promoting, maintaining and restoring health.

- MEDICAL CARE > is NOT synonymous with health care. It refers chiefly to those personal services that are provided directly by physicians.

LEVELS OF HEALTH CARE

- 1. Primary care level
- 2. secondary care

level

- 3. Tertiary care level

PRIMARY CARE LEVEL

- First level of contact of individuals, the family & community with the health system, where Primary health care (essential health care) is provided
- Provided by - Primary Health Centers (PHC) & Subcenters (SC)
- Through - Multi-Purpose Worker (MPW), Auxiliary Nurse Midwife (ANM), Anganwadi worker (AWW), Village Health Guide (VHG) & Trained Dai's (TD)

SECONDARY CARE

LEVEL

- intermediate health care level for more complex health problem
- Provided by - Community Health Centres (CHC) • First referral level
- Criteria for FRU (First Referral Unit)
 - 1 lakh population,
 - 30 beds,
 - provides Secondary Care,
 - Essential lab services,
 - Blood storage services,
 - Referral services (transport),

unset;">Family planning services,

24-hour delivery services

Emergency obstetric care (including LSCS), Newborn care ,

Emergency care of sick child ,

Treatment of STD/RTI

TERTIARY CARE LEVEL

- Requires Special health care by specialized health workers • Provided by Medical Colleges, AIIMS, Specialized Hospitals

- Second referral

level

- Mobile medical care is providing Primary health care Secondary health care Home based care But Tertiary health care is NOT provided by mobile medical care