



FMGE June '26

RECALL SESSION

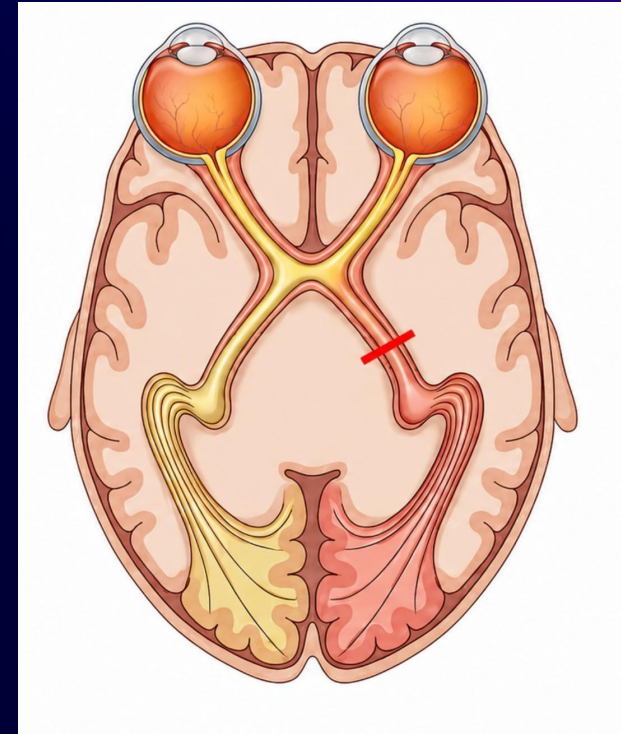
A Mega Recall Session By
India's Top Educators

Ophthalmology



Q. A patient presents with left homonymous hemianopia due to a lesion in the visual pathway as shown in the image. Which of the following patterns of visual field loss is seen in this condition?

- a. Right temporal and Left nasal vision loss
- b. Right nasal and Left temporal vision loss
- c. Bilateral temporal vision loss
- d. Bilateral nasal vision loss



Ophthalmology



Q. A patient presents with irritation and swelling in the eye. On examination, the conjunctiva is as shown in the image. Which of the following is the most likely causative organism?

- a. *Onchocerca volvulus*
- b. *Wuchereria bancrofti*
- c. *Loa loa*
- d. *Toxocara canis*

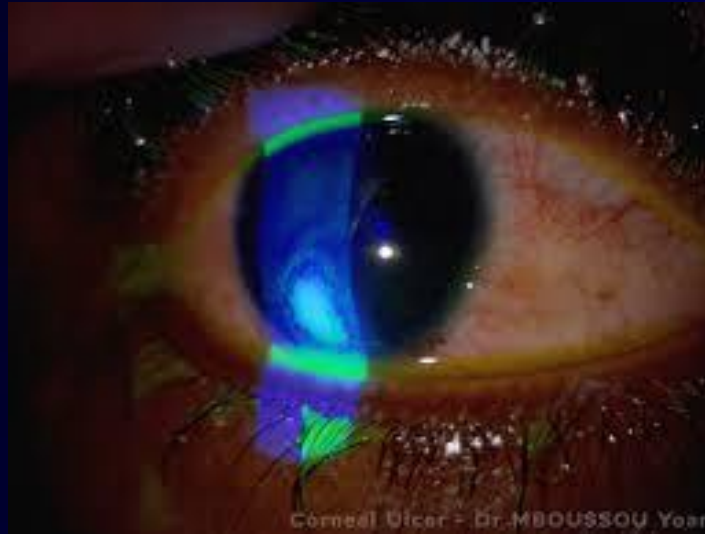


Ophthalmology



Q. A child presents with complaints of poor vision in dim light and dryness of the eyes. On examination, there is corneal ulceration as shown in the image. What is the stage of Vitamin A deficiency in this patient?

- a. X1B
- b. XF
- c. X3A
- d. X2



Ophthalmology



Q. A patient presents with complaints of dryness, foreign body sensation, and burning in both eyes. Which of the following tests is being demonstrated?

- a. Schirmer test
- b. Fluorescein staining test
- c. Rose Bengal staining
- d. Tear break-up time (TBUT)

Ophthalmology



Q. A patient with suspected proptosis is evaluated in the ophthalmology clinic. Which of the following instruments is being used?

- a. Hertel's exophthalmometer
- b. Tonometer
- c. Keratometer
- d. Retinoscope

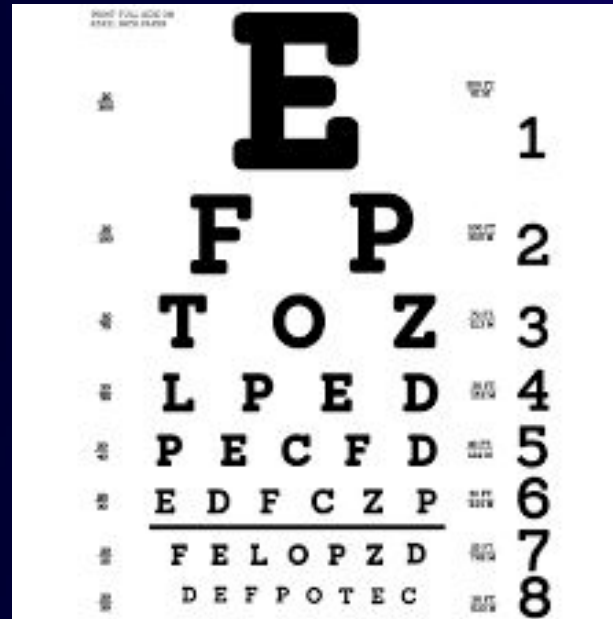


Ophthalmology



Q. What is the minutes of arc subtended by a standard letter of the chart shown in the image with 20/20 visual acuity line ?

- a. 1 minute
- b. 5 minutes
- c. 10 minutes
- d. 20 minutes

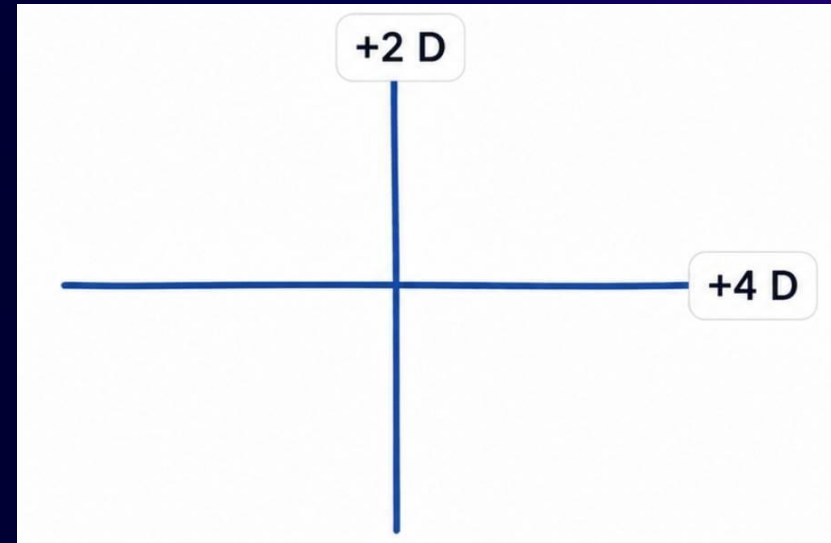


Ophthalmology



Q. During retinoscopy, the reflex is neutralized as shown in the image. What is the value of the cylindrical correction required to correct this patient's astigmatism?

- a. +2 spherical correction
- b. +4 spherical correction
- c. +2 cylindrical correction
- d. +4 cylindrical correction

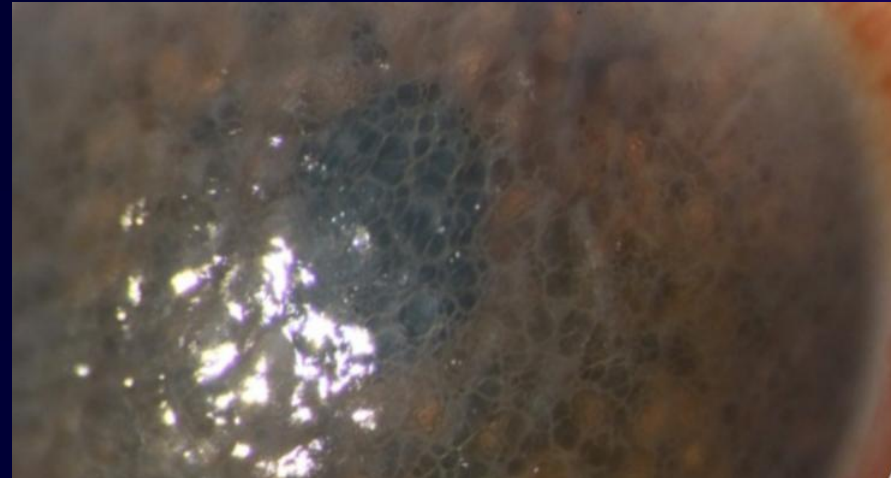


Ophthalmology



Q. A 68-year-old patient presents with complaints of painful watering, reduced vision, and worsened symptoms on waking in the morning. There is a history of previous cataract surgery 2 years back. Slit-lamp examination of the cornea is shown in the image. What is the most likely diagnosis?

- a. Fuchs endothelial dystrophy
- b. Bullous keratopathy
- c. Acute angle-closure glaucoma
- d. Herpes simplex keratitis

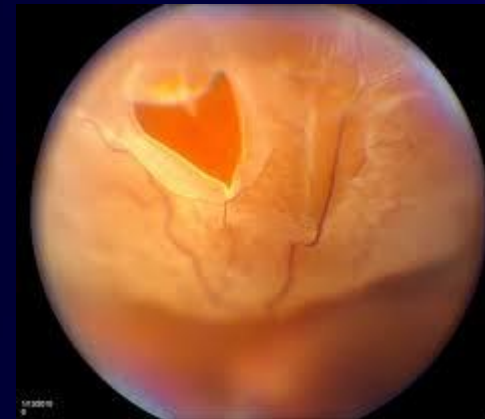


Ophthalmology



Q. A 60-year-old patient presents with sudden onset flashes of light, floaters. Fundus examination is as shown in the image. What is the most likely diagnosis?

- a. Tractional retinal detachment
- b. Exudative retinal detachment
- c. Rhegmatogenous retinal detachment
- d. Central retinal vein occlusion



Ophthalmology



Q. An elderly patient presents with watering, irritation, and foreign body sensation in the eye. On examination, the eyelid is as shown in the image. What is the most likely diagnosis?

- a. Ectropion
- b. Entropion
- c. Trichiasis
- d. Blepharitis



Ophthalmology



Q. A 24-year-old student presents with redness, watering, foreign body sensation, and mild photophobia for 3 days. It started in one eye and then involved the other eye. There is tender preauricular lymph node enlargement. Examination of the eye is shown in the image. What is the most likely diagnosis?

- a. Allergic conjunctivitis
- b. Bacterial conjunctivitis
- c. Epidemic keratoconjunctivitis
- d. Herpes simplex keratitis



Ophthalmology



Q. A 10-year-old child presents with gradual painless diminution of vision since early childhood. The slit-lamp examination is as shown in the image. What is the most likely diagnosis?

- a. Nuclear cataract
- b. Posterior subcapsular cataract
- c. Zonular cataract
- d. Mature cortical cataract



Ophthalmology



Q. A 35-year-old male presents with a gradual decrease in vision and elevated IOP in the right eye. The left eye is completely normal. Gonioscopy is as shown. The patient recalls being hit in the eye with a cricket ball ten years ago. What is the most likely diagnosis?

- a. Pigmentary glaucoma
- b. Pseudoexfoliative glaucoma
- c. Angle recession glaucoma
- d. Neovascular glaucoma



Ophthalmology



Q. A 56-year-old female with long-standing rheumatoid arthritis presents with painless, gradual blurring of vision in the left eye. On examination, the sclera is as shown in the image. There is no ciliary congestion or significant redness. What is the most likely diagnosis?

- a. Scleritis
- b. Episcleritis
- c. Scleromalacia perforans
- d. Anterior uveitis





THANK YOU