

HECKEL'S DIVERTICULUM

⇒ Meckel's diverticulum occur from the persistent proximal part of the vitellointestinal duct

⇒ vitellointestinal duct which normally disappear during the 6th week of intrauterine life

⇒ FEATURE:

- It occur in 2% subjects
- usually it is 2 inches or 5cm long
- It is situated About 2 feet or 60cm proximal to the ileocaecal valve
- It is two times common in men
- Its calibre is equal to that of the ileum
- Its apex may be free or may be attached to the umbilicus, to the mesentery, or to any other abdominal structure by a fibrous band

2 types of ectopic tissue - Gastric & pancreatic

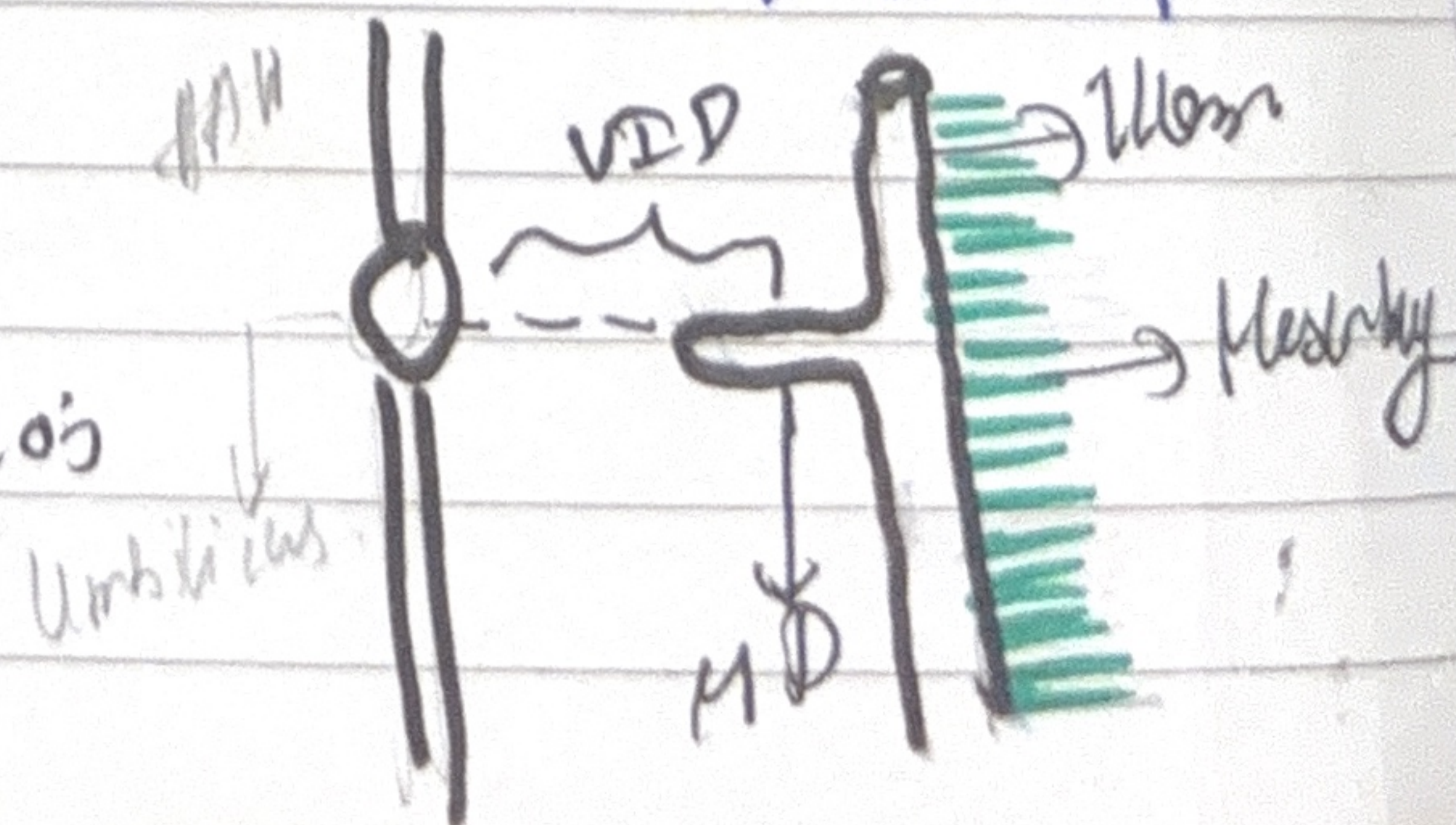
CLINICAL

ulcer, bleeding, perforation

may cause intestinal obstruction

- if Inflamed its symptoms are similar to that of Acute Appendicitis

- Can cause peptic ulceration & perforating.



UTERUS

Axis:

Parts of uterus I

- Fundus: free end
- lie above
- fertilized

Body: Ant is Part

Post. surface

lateral body

levius -

o lower part