

# LUNG VOLUMES AND CAPACITIES

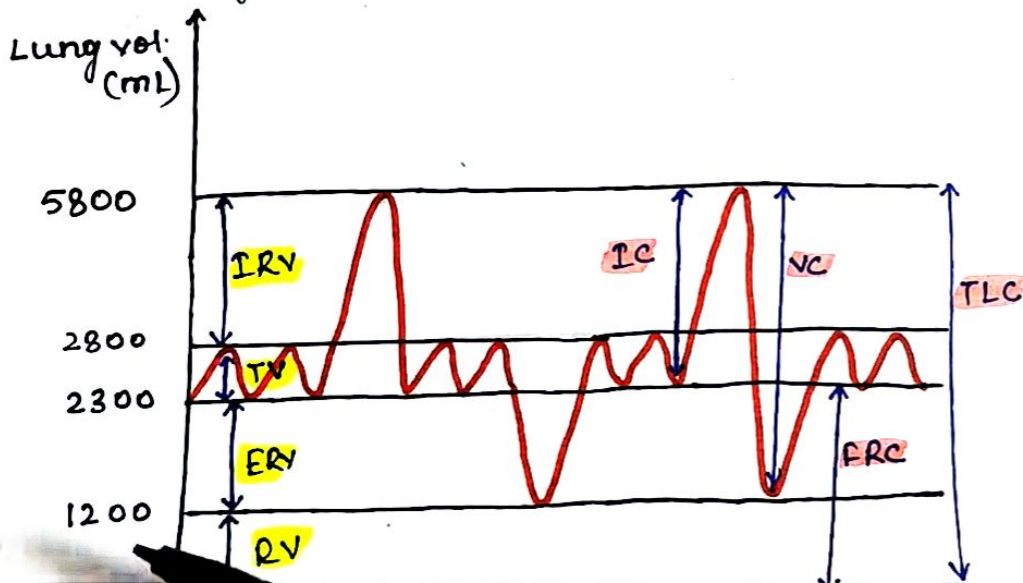
"STATIC" Lung volumes & capacities

Time independent  
(mL/L)

"DYNAMIC" Lung volumes & capacities

Time dependent.  
(mL/min or L/min)

STATIC Lung volumes & Capacities :-



## Volumes

- RV ~ 1200 mL
- ERV ~ 1100 mL
- TV ~ 500 mL
- IRV ~ 3000 mL

## Capacities

- IC ~ 3500 mL
- VC ~ 4600 mL
- FRC ~ 2300 mL
- TLC ~ 5800 mL ≈ 6L

# DYNAMIC Lung Volumes & Capacity :-

## 1) Forced vital capacity (FVC) :-

Maximum vol. of air which can be breathed out "forcefully" & "rapidly" as possible following a maximum inspiration.

$$\text{FVC} = \text{VC}$$

### Components :-

i) **FEV<sub>1</sub>** (Forced Expiratory Volume in 1sec)

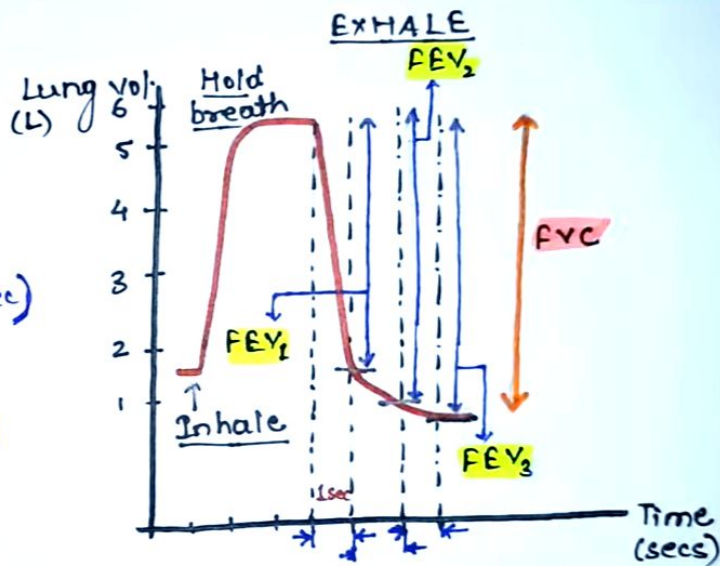
= 80% of FVC

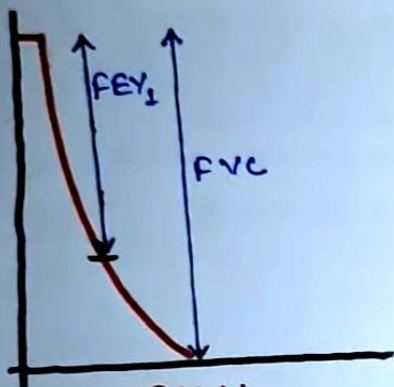
ii) **FEV<sub>2</sub>** (Forced Expiratory Volume in 2sec)

= 95% of FVC

iii) **FEV<sub>3</sub>** (Forced Expiratory Vol. in 3secs)

= 98-100% of FVC



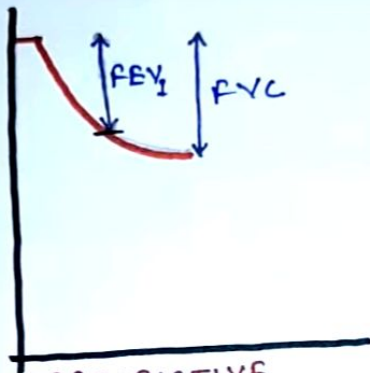


NORMAL

$$FVC = 5L$$

$$FEV_1 = 4L$$

$$\frac{FEV_1}{FVC} = 80\%$$



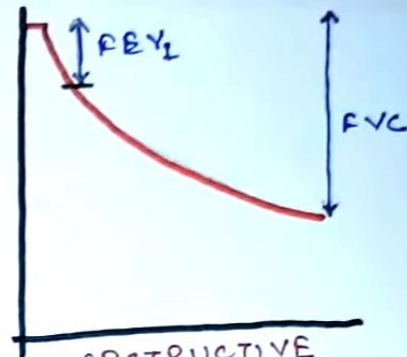
RESTRICTIVE

$$FVC = 2.5L \downarrow$$

$$FEV_1 = 2L$$

$$\frac{FEV_1}{FVC} = 80\% \text{ (N)}$$

- Emphysema
- Kyphosis
- Kyphoscoliosis
- Ankylosing spondylitis



OBSTRUCTIVE

$$FVC = 3L \text{ (N)}$$

$$FEV_1 = 1.2L$$

$$\frac{FEV_1}{FVC} = 40\% \downarrow$$

- Bronchial Asthma

## 2.) Peak Expiratory Flow Rate (PEFR)

- Maximum flow rate that is attained during a forceful expiration.

$$\text{PEFR} = 900 \text{ L/min}$$

## 3.) Flow rates during expiration

i.) FEF<sub>25</sub> (Forced Expiratory Flow 25%)

• Flow rate at which time point the vital capacity that has been exhaled is 25%.

ii.) FEF<sub>50</sub> (Forced Expiratory Flow 50%)

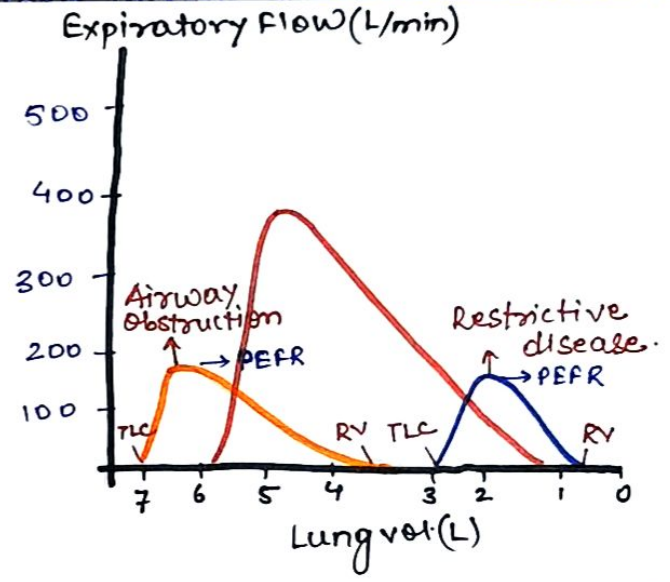
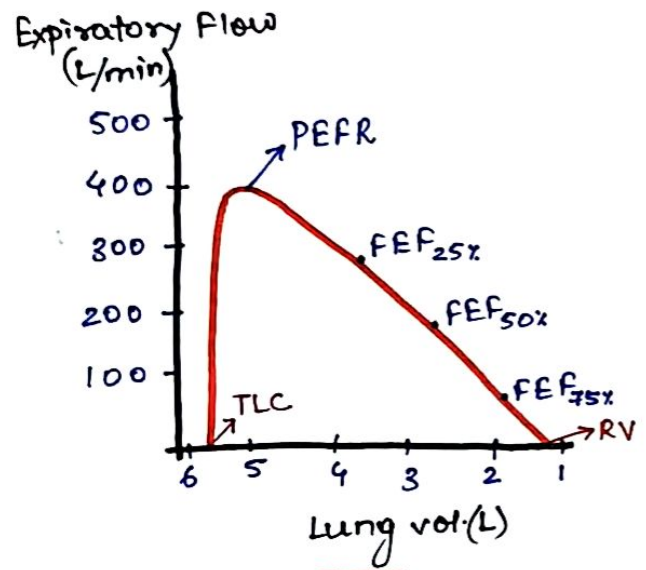
• Flow rate at which time point the vital capacity that has been exhaled is 50%.

iii.) FEF<sub>75</sub> (Forced Expiratory Flow 75%)

• Flow rate at which time point the vital capacity that has been exhaled is 75%.

2.) **Peak Expiratory Flow Rate (PEFR)**

Flow rate that is obtained during a forceful expiration.



# **CLOSING VOLUME** :-

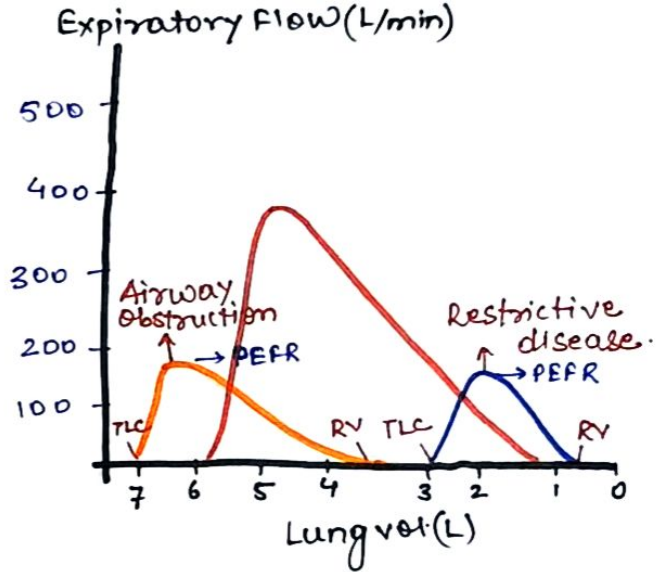
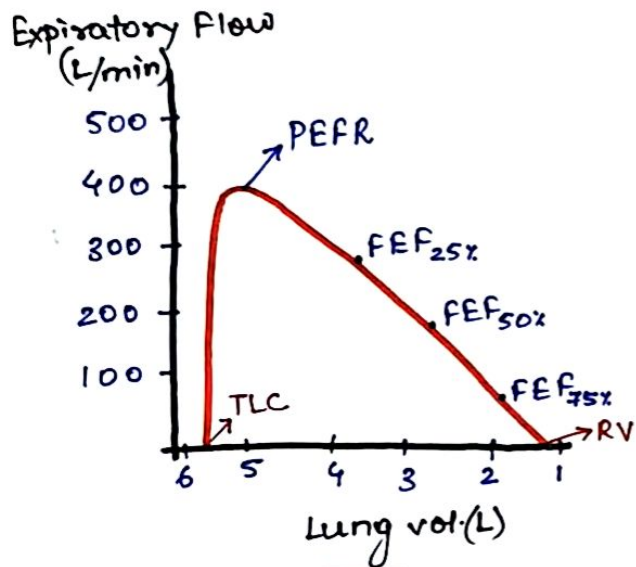
Lung volume that coincides with beginning of airway closure in the lower, dependent parts of lungs during expiration

- Fowler Method
- $FRC > CV > RV$

# **MINUTE VENTILATION** or **PULMONARY VENTILATION**

Vol. of air expired or inspired by lungs in one minute.

$= TV \times RR \text{ per min}$



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Lung volume that coincides with beginning of airway closure in the lower, dependent parts of lungs during expiration

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### # MINUTE VENTILATION or ~~PER MINUTE~~ PULMONARY VENTILATION

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